

Progress of Archaeological Projects conducted by AMO between September and October 2008

Item	Site	Project Duration	Development	Background	Project Coordination	Result
1.	Yung Shue Long Old Village, Lamma (南丫島榕樹壟舊村)	Archaeological Survey in early September 2008 (1 week)	Small House Development	The site was first recorded in 1930s. Several investigations were conducted by the Hong Kong Archaeological Society from 1970s to 1990s. Abundant prehistoric cultural remains were recovered	Field Archaeology Unit of AMO	No cultural remains were recovered from test pits of the proposed village house site.
2.	Pak Long, Lung Kwu Tan, Tuen Mun (屯門龍鼓灘北朗)	Archaeological Survey in mid September 2008 (1 week)	Telephone Cable Laying Works	Archaeological significance of the site was confirmed by both the First and Second Territory-wide Surveys. Abundant prehistoric cultural remains were recovered by various rescue operations since 1990s.	Field Archaeology Unit of AMO	Sparse cultural relics dated to late Neolithic were collected from the disturbed layers of some trenches. No further archaeological work is required for the existing excavation depth.
3.	Nai Wai, Tuen Mun (屯門泥圍)	Archaeological Survey in mid October 2008 (1 week)	Small House Development	Feature of kiln structure of Qing dynasty was found near Nai Wai Village in 2000.	Field Archaeology Unit of AMO	No cultural remains were recovered from the test pits.