<u>Development Projects/Cases related to Preservation of Historic Buildings</u> (Progress as at 15 August 2020)

Hong Kong Island

	Development Project/Case	Built Heritage at the Site	Latest Progress
1.	Revitalisation of Central Police Station (CPS) Compound	• The CPS Compound, i.e. the CPS, the Central Magistracy and the Victoria Prison, is a fine example of Victorian and Edwardian colonial architecture in Hong Kong and were declared monuments in 1995.	 The revitalised CPS Compound commenced operation as "Tai Kwun – Centre for Heritage and Arts" on 29 May 2018. As for the Married Inspectors' Quarters (Block 4), which partially collapsed on 29 May 2016, the Hong Kong Jockey Club briefed the Board on the updated recovery plan on 12 December 2019.
2.	Peel Street/Graham Street Development (H18) of Urban Renewal Authority (URA)	 The shophouses at No. 118 and No. 120 Wellington Street are Grade 3 and Grade 1 historic buildings respectively. Nos. 26A-C Graham Street are a row of three pre-war buildings, with Grade 3status. The building remains at the site of Cochrane Street have been accorded with Nil Grade by the Board. 	 URA plans to preserve the two terrazzo signs with the calligraphy of Su Shi-jie (蘇世傑) at No. 118 Wellington Street and incorporate them in the public open space at the same site in future. URA will preserve <i>in-situ</i> the shophouse at No. 120 Wellington Street and the main façade of the shophouses at Nos. 26A-C Graham Street.
3.	Revitalisation of Central Market	• The Central Market, which was built in 1939 and ceased operation in 2003, is a proposed Grade 3 historic building.	• The revitalisation works for the Central Market are being undertaken by URA and are targeted for completion by 2021-2022.

	Development Project/Case	Built Heritage at the Site	Latest Progress
4.	Renovation works for the West Wing of the former Central Government Offices (CGO West Wing)	• The former CGO (including the three buildings) have been accorded Grade 1 status by the Board. The West Wing, completed in 1959, was used as government offices for over 50 years until 2011.	• Subsequent to the endorsement of the Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) report on the renovation of CGO West Wing by the Board on 4 March 2015, the conservation works to convert the building into the offices of the Department of Justice and law-related organisations commenced in October 2016 and are targeted for completion in the 4 th quarter of 2020.
5.	Old Dairy Farm Senior Staff Quarters (SSQ)	• A two-storey building situated in the north-western corner of the cowshed compound, SSQ, a Grade 1 historic building, was built in 1887 and is the oldest of the remaining Dairy Farm buildings in Hong Kong.	• SSQ is being revitalised by Caritas-Hong Kong into "The Pokfulam Farm". Works are targeted for completion in the 1 st quarter of 2021.
6.	No. 12 School Street	• No. 12 School Street, a Grade 3 historic building, was built in 1949 to replace an earlier pre-war building named Hung Shing Yi Hok (literally, Confucius free school for the poor) founded in the late Qing dynasty.	• No. 12 School Street is being revitalised by Tai Hang Residents' Welfare Association into "Tai Hang Fire Dragon Heritage Centre". Works are targeted for completion in the 1st quarter of 2021.

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Annex A

Kowloon

Development Pro	ject/Case Built Herita	age at the Site	Latest Progress
7. Development at Dia Hill Comprehensive Development Area and construction of Hill Stabling Siding Shatin-to-Central L	amond The old Pillbox and Hangar are Grade 2 buildings respectively To Diamond gs of	former Royal Air Force 2 and Grade 3 historic y.	 Pursuant to the approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report, portions of the Hangar were disassembled and stored for future display together with a model of the Hangar whereas the Pillbox was lifted up in one piece and stored for future reinstatement. Both the Hangar and Pillbox were relocated to the construction site by MTR Corporation Limited in July and August 2018 respectively. The planning of the water feature park was entrusted to the Housing Department (HD). HD proposed to reinstate the Hangar and Pillbox within the water feature park in the western part of the Diamond Hill CDA (not at the original locations). HD proposed adaptive reuse of the Hangar and the Pillbox would be on display with interpretation in the park after completion. Under the requirements of the approved EIA, HD submitted a Conservation Management Plan together with the final design of the water feature park for the Antiquities and Monuments Office (AMO)'s comments. AMO will continue to provide technical advice from the heritage conservation perspective under the EIA mechanism.

Development Project/Case	Built Heritage at the Site	Latest Progress
1 0	 The original hospital, with the present Tung Wah Museum (TWM) as its Main Hall, was built in 1911 and extended in 1923. The hospital was completely reconstructed in 1958 as Kwong Wah Hospital with the Main Hall preserved. The Main Hall, which houses TWM currently, was declared a monument in 2010. 	 The Main Hall has been properly protected in accordance with the HIA report endorsed by the Board on 4 June 2015 before commencement of construction works. Phase 1 of the redevelopment commenced in June 2016. Works were suspended by the Hospital Authority due to settlement of TWM found on 26 November 2018. With the implementation of the remedial works, the settlement of TWM has been stabilised. Works were resumed in February 2019. The whole redevelopment (Phases 1 and 2) is targeted for completion by 2025.

New Territories and Islands

	Development Project/Case	Built Heritage at the Site	Latest Progress
9.	Lady Ho Tung Welfare	• LHTWC, a Grade 2 historic building, was built	• LHTWC is being revitalised by Sik Sik Yuen
	Centre (LHTWC)	by the Government in 1932-1933 with	into "Lady Ho Tung Welfare Centre Eco-learn
		donations from Sir Robert Ho Tung for use as	Institute". Works are targeted for completion
		a welfare centre for local residents. The	in the 1 st quarter of 2021.
		centre was a mixed architectural style	
		combining Western Arts and Crafts with local	
		vernacular features. It is named after Lady	
		Ho Tung whose maiden name was Mak Sau-	
		ying, the first wife of Sir Robert Ho Tung.	